

# Year 3 – Term 5

I know the 6 times tables.

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts.

The aim is for them to recall these facts instantly.

$6 \times 1 = 6$	$1 \times 6 = 6$
$6 \times 2 = 12$	$2 \times 6 = 12$
$6 \times 3 = 18$	$3 \times 6 = 18$
$6 \times 4 = 24$	$4 \times 6 = 24$
$6 \times 5 = 30$	$5 \times 6 = 30$
$6 \times 6 = 36$	$6 \times 6 = 36$
$6 \times 7 = 42$	$7 \times 6 = 42$
$6 \times 8 = 48$	$8 \times 6 = 48$
$6 \times 9 = 54$	$9 \times 6 = 54$
$6 \times 10 = 60$	$10 \times 6 = 60$
$6 \times 11 = 66$	$11 \times 6 = 66$
$6 \times 12 = 72$	$12 \times 6 = 72$

## Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: - perhaps you could have a fact family of the day. If you would like more ideas, please speak to your child's teacher.

- Double your threes – Multiplying a number by 6 is the same as multiplying by 3 and then doubling the answer.  $7 \times 3 = 21$  and double 21 is 42, so  $7 \times 6 = 42$ .
- Buy one get three free – If your child knows one fact (e.g.  $3 \times 6 = 18$ ), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?